

**AN ANALYSIS OF  
BAGUIO CITY NATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL  
SITUATION ON DRR/CCA (CY 2014)  
FOR THE FOUR (4) THEMATIC  
USING THE SWOC/T  
ANALYSIS**

THEMATIC	STRENGTH	WEAKNESSES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES/THREATS
PREVENTION AND MITIGATION	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Presence of vulnerability and disaster risk assessment</li> <li>2. Organized SDRRMC</li> <li>3. Creation of SDRRMC</li> <li>4. Available Geohazard map</li> <li>5. Action plan on SDRRMC</li> <li>6. Monitoring of waste segregation</li> <li>7. Presence of research institutions</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. No established EWS</li> <li>2. No established communication system/protocol</li> <li>3. No full time personnel for SDRR/CCA Activities</li> <li>4. Slow paradigm shift from reactive to pro-active</li> <li>5. Inadequate funds</li> <li>6. Poor integration between structural and non-structural measures</li> <li>7. Prevention and mitigation measures are implemented by phase due to limited funds</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Strong linkages and network</li> <li>2. Presence of external support/funding agencies (i.e. UNESCO, Maryknoll Universities)</li> <li>3. Augmentation fund from private agencies/NGOs</li> <li>4. DRRM is a priority of the national government as well as the international community</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Establishment of EWS</li> <li>2. Establishment of communication system/protocol</li> <li>3. Institutionalization of SDRRM/CCA</li> <li>4. Integration of structural and non structural measures in SDRRM initiatives</li> </ol>

THEMATIC	STRENGTH	WEAKNESSES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES/THREATS
PREPAREDNES	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Increased capability building activities on preparedness</li> <li>2. Trained responders</li> <li>3. Pool of trained and accredited volunteers</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. No established SDRR Operation Center</li> <li>2. Partially equipped (inadequate equipment and gadget)</li> <li>3. Outdated contingency plan</li> <li>4. Absence of list of safe and equipped evacuation centers</li> <li>5. Absence of SDRR/CCA preparedness manual</li> <li>6. Uninsured volunteers</li> <li>7. Limited resources and poor logistics and financial capabilities</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Presence of public-private partnership</li> <li>2. Availability of external support</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Difficulty in identifying relocation sites</li> <li>2. Inadequate equipment</li> <li>3. Establishment of EWS</li> <li>4. Establishment of communication system/protocol</li> </ol>

THEMATIC	STRENGTH	WEAKNESSES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES/THREATS
RESPONSE	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. On call/Active Respondent</li> <li>2. Creation of working committees to assist the SDRRMC/CCA</li> <li>3. Strong volunteerism attitude of the citizenry</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Absence of communication/ coordination system</li> <li>2. Lack of information management</li> <li>3. Lack of SOPs</li> <li>4. Lack of evacuation management system</li> <li>5. Absence of DANA</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Availability of volunteers (i.e. PNP, PNR, BCES)</li> <li>2. Presence of cooperating and assisting agencies such as CDRRMC, DENR, LGUs, universities</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Uncoordinated and unorganized volunteer deployment system</li> <li>2. Increasing incidence of disaster and emergencies</li> </ol>

THEMATIC	STRENGTH	WEAKNESSES	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES/THREATS
REHABILITATION AND RECOVERY	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Cooperative and civic minded people</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Inadequate psychosocial services</li> <li>2. Limited funds to sustain rehabilitation/ recovery activities</li> <li>3. Reactive SDRRMC/CCA</li> <li>4. Inavailability of logistics</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Partnership with private contractors and sectors</li> <li>2. NGOs, private companies and international organizations willing to assist in rehabilitation/ recovery activities</li> <li>3. Availability of augmentation fund from the National Government augmentation fund from private agencies/NGOs</li> <li>4. Presence of research institutions</li> <li>5. DRRM is a priority of the national government</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Strategizing immediate restoration of vital facilities</li> <li>2. Accessing augmentation funds from the national government due to the stringent and voluminous requirement</li> </ol>

